

Darkside-20k: A global direct dark matter search experiment

Daria Santone, RHUL Birmingham seminar, 7/06/2023







DS-50 @LNGS



Miniclean **@SNOLAB**



DARKSIDE-20k

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@CANFRANC



DARKSIDE-20k collaboration



Global Argon Dark Matter Collaboration (GADMC) is a joint effort among all dark matter experiments with Ar target: >400 collaborators from ~100 institutions towards DarkSide-20k







- Dark matter evidence
- Dark matter candidates and their detection
- New low mass results from Darkside-50
- Darkside-20k:
 - Detector overview
 - Silicon photomulplier (SiPMs) light detection system
 - Neutron veto design optimisation

OUTLINE





DARK MATTER EVIDENCE

Cluster galaxies



CMB observation



Gravitation lensing







Vera Rubin (1928-2016) Astronomer

Vera Rubin saw something unusual in galaxies: outer stars orbit just as quickly as those in the centre. She surmised that each galaxy must contain more mass than meets the eye. It was the first observational evidence of dark matter, which today is one of the most studied topics in cosmology.





1960 - 1970: Dark matter observation in spiral galaxies







DARK MATTER PROPERTIES

- *Dark*: does not interact electromagnetically
- *Stable*: very long lived
- *Cold*: not relativistic at freeze-out
- Only gravitationally, or, very weakly interacting
- Local density around 0.3 GeV/cm³

Beyond the Standard Model of Particle Physics



DARK MATTER CANDIDATES



WIMP "Miracle"

- Weak scale interaction lead to correct density in the universe
- Mass scale: MeV 100 TeV
- Motivated by many theories







DARK MATTER DETECTION



DIRECT DETECTION





Interaction rates depend on:

- Our model of how the sun and heart move through the galaxy
- How fast earth travel relative to WIMPs





DARK MATTER SEARCH IN DARKSIDE

Dual phase Time projector Chamber (TPC)



DarkSide Target material: liquid Ar from underground (UAr)

- Signal: S1 (primary scintillation) + S2 (charge signal)
- S2 light pattern gives x-y position
- Drift time give z position
- S1-S2 relative size give particle information





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LOW MASS DARK MATTER SEARCH



- Dual phase liquid argon filled with 50 kg of Underground Argon (UAr)
- Light detector: PhotoMultiplier (PMTs)
- Veto:
 - Liquid scintillator as neutron moderator
 - Water Cerenkow as cosmogenic veto
- Data taking: 2013 2018, total exposure of 0.03 tons x years
- Low mass search: [1.2, 3.6] GeV/c²...WIMP mass range

DARKSIDE-50



LABORATORI NAZIONALI DEL GRAN SASSO (LNGS)

DARKSIDE is located in HALL C at LNGS, Italy At 3400 m of water equivalent









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WIMP SIGNAL & BACKGROUNDs

WIMP SIGNAL



Backgro

39Ar

 γ from rock and

Radioger (a,n) reaction in d

Surface contamina

Muon induce

Neutrino co

BACKGROUND

und source	Mitigation strategy
β decay	Use Underground Argon + pulse shape discrimination
dγ,e from material	Pulse shape discrimination Selection material
nic neutron letector material	Material screening & selection Definition of Fiducial volume in the TPC Veto to reject neutron signal
ation due Rn progeny	Surface cleaning Reduce the number of surfaces Installation of Rn abated system
ed background	Cosmogenic veto
herent scatter	Irreducible





UNDERGROUND ARGON (UAr)

TPC and veto are filled with UAr in order to reduce Ar-39, which is produced in Atmospheric Argon by **cosmogenic activation** with activity ~ 1 Bq/kg.It is a beta emitter with **endpoint to 565 keV** and **half life of 269 years**.



DS-50 results: Phys. Rev. D 93, 081101(R) (2016)



WIMP NUCLEON INTERACTION

Re-analyse the full DS50 dataset with a more detailed calibration model

Phys. Rev. Lett. 130, 101001



- Electron recoil modelling using ³⁷Ar, ³⁹Ar decay naturally in the early LAr dataset, focus on ionisation signal below 180 eVer
- Nuclear recoil from in-situ neutron calibration (AmC), energy down to 500 eV_{nr}









The dominant background comes from ⁸⁵Kr,³⁹Ar

day)

×

Ne

(0.25

Events

LOW MASS SENSITIVITY

Phys. Rev. Lett. 130, 101001

Best limit in the region between 1.2 and 3.6 GeV/ c^2



NIGDAL BFFGT



- Reinterpretation of published Ar and Xe resulting including Midgal effects benmarked again published results
- New constrain on sub-GeV WIMP mass trough Migdal effect

Phys. Rev. Lett. 130, 101002



Kings + Manchester + RHUL main contributors!





DN-e-SCATTERING RESULTS

Phys. Rev. Lett. 130, 101002 (2023)

- Exclusion limits at 90% C.L. on DM particle interactions with electron final states
- Limits on dark matter-electron scattering in the [16, 56] MeV/c² mass range for a heavy mediator and above 80 MeV/c² for a light mediator





DARKSIDE-20k DETECTOR

DARKSIDE-20k

Outer cryostat filled with 600 tonnes of Atmospheric Argon (AAr) acts as cosmogenic

veto

SS vessel

Gd-PMMA acts as neutron Veto surrounded by 35 tonnes of UAr

> Dual phase time projection Chamber (TPC) filled with 50 tonnes of UAr









- **1. Dual phase time Projected chamber (TPC)** filled with 50 tonnes of Underground Argon -> 20 tons of fiducial volume
- 2. Neutron veto: Gd-PMMA immersed in a 35 tonnes of underground liquid argon



• 120 PDU in the veto



INNER DETECTOR



INNER DETECTOR: TPC

- Octagonal shape
- Drift field: 200V/cm
- Extraction field: 2.8 kV/cm
- Cathode voltage: -73.38 kV
- ESR as reflector, TPB as wavelength shifter
- SS wire grid



INTER DETECTOR: TPC

- TPC equipped with 518 PDU placed on top and bottom
- Total SiPMs in the TPC: 198912

TPC optical Plate

Of TPC

- Light yield: 10 pe/keV
- S2 yield > 20 pe/e-



Array of SiPMs At top and bottom

TPC optical

Plate

INNER DETECTOR: neutron veto

- Novel technology: TPC+veto integrated system -> Gd-PMMA (11.2 tons needed) around TPC wall to capture neutrons (4π coverage)
- SiPMs matrix (assembled in veto photodetector unit-> vPDU) around TPC wall for light detection -> 120 vPDU in total (Light yield: 2.0 pe/keV)
- Reflector+ PEN for light collection optimisation
- Enclose in a SS vessel filled with around 35 tonnes of underground Argon







OUTER VETO



- Proto-dune like outer cryostat filled with 600 tons of Atmospheric Liquid Argon
- Equipped with 32 PDUs placed on SS vessel
- Tywek + PEN for light optimisation
- Light yield: 1 pe/MeV
- Acts as cosmogenic veto

DARKSIDE-20k: this week!





Darkside-20k installation has started Data taking will start in 2026





LIGHT DETECTION SYSTEM: Large area Silicon Photomultipliers (SiPM)

DARKSIDE SIPI REQUIREMENTS

From PhotoMulplier (PMT)



Silicon Photomulplier (SiPM)

То



	Quan
	Breakd
	SiPM r
	Single
	Gain
	Signal
	Dark co
	Interna
	Afterpu
1.00	the second se

Requirement	
26.8 +/- 0.2 V	
300 - 600 ns	
distinct PE	
stable gain	
> 8	
< 0.01 Hz/mm² (7 Vov) < 0.1 Hz/mm² (9 Vov)	
< 33 % (7 Vov) < 50 % (9 Vov)	
< 10 %	



SILICON PHOTOMULTIPLIERS (SiPMS) Why SiPMs

SPADs

SiPMs: 1mm²



SPADs - Single Photon Avalanche Diodes:

semiconductor devices based on a p-n junction, reverse biased well above breakdown voltage (operating in Gieger mode).

SiPMs - Silicon **Photomulplier:**

A single SiPM consists of around 94,900 SPADs.

- Cryogenic temperature stability
- Better single photons resolution
- Higher detection photodetection efficiency
- Low voltage operation
- Radio-purity an order of magnitude lower than PMTs
- Lower cost

SILICON PHOTOMULPLIER: tile

SPADs

SiPMs: 1mm²



SPADs - Single Photon Avalanche Diodes:

semiconductor devices based on a p-n junction, reverse biased well above breakdown voltage (operating in Gieger mode).

SiPMs - Silicon Photomulplier:

A single SiPM consists of around 94,900 SPADs.

Side 1: 24 SIPMs



Tile: single printed circuit (PCB) For SiPMs & eletroncis

- Side 1: array of 24 SiPMs For a total size of 24 cm2, The signals of all SiPMs are Summed
- Side 2: front-end electronics for Signal amplifier -> ASIC for veto And discrete element for TPC

Side 2: front-end electronics



Veto Tile (vTile)











PHOTO DETECTION MODULE (PDU)



- 4 outputs



• 16 tile are assembled togheter in a **P**hoton **D**etection **U**nit (**PDU**)

• 1 large PCB for control signal, bias each tile and summed the signal of the tile

• 4 tile are summed togheter, i.e. 4 tile correspond to 1 DAQ channel





PDU FACILITIES

NOA at LNGS: TPC PDU production and tileTesting



Naples: PDU testing facilities







UK FACILITIES: PCB production

PCB production **@Birmigham**

Application of Solder paste using stencil printer



I S S S M I S I

ESSEMTEC SP-002 Manual Stencil printer Solder paste: CHIPQUIK

Pick and Place machine - PCBs to come as 4x3 sheet



New Reflow oven: 3 temperature probes 5 minutes at 150°C 1 minute at 200 °C



MECHATRONICA M60 pick and place





Accumulating Statistics



C.I.F FT05 advanced forced convection oven







UK FACILITIES: Tile assembly @STFC interconnect IS07

Glue dispense

Die attach



Wire Bonding





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UK FACILITIES: Tile assembly @Liverpool

SiPMs Wafers inspection



SiPMs testing before put on the tile



ISO7 Clean room

Wire Bonding a vTile



UK FACILITIES: PDU assembly @Manchester

first two vPDUs assembled

Warwick WARM testing setup @Manchester

Dark enclosure

Adapter box

Power

supplies

PXI crate / Digitiser

Diff. to RSE amplifiers

LTC6820

Arduino Nano

Cold testing setup @Liverpool

PHAIDRA

- Cold test in Liquid Nitrogen
- PDU testing starting in summer
- smaller cold test setups: @Edinburgh @Lancaster @ASTROCENT

SiPIN wafer characterization

major contributions from Lancs, RHUL

Current (A)

Tile testing @RHUL In liquid nitrogen

VILE TESTIG

SNR = 1 PE amplitude RMS baseline

- Improvement on test stand to optimize SNR
- Accumulating statistic to define QA/QC acceptance

Ongoing testing of first two vPDUs

major contributions from Manchester, Warwick groups

vPDU testing

BACKGROUNDs in DARKSIDE-20k

THE PATH TOWARS PURE UAr: Urania->Aria->DArT

- 1. Urania: UAr extraction
- CO₂ well in Cortez, CO, USA;
- Industrial scale extraction plant;
- UAr extraction rate: 250-330 kg/ day;
- Purity 99.99%
- Plant ready to be shipped

2. ARIA: UAr purification

- Cryogenic distillation column in Sardinia (Italy)
- Chemical purification rate: 1 t/day
- Ar-39 separation power > 1000
- First module operated according to specs with Nitrogen in 2019
- Run completed with Ar at the end of 2020 *Eur.Phys.J.C* 81 (2021) 4, 359

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DArT:

Ar purity measurement

Located at LCS, Canfranc

- Double phase TPC with active volume of 1.4 kg of liquid UAr
- Two 1 cm² SiPMs at the top & bottom
- External acrylic support
- Internal acrylic covered with TPB (WLS)
- Ar-39 depletion factor sensitivity: 6 x 10⁴ 90% C.L

UNDERGROUND ARGON (UAr)

Reduction of Ar-39 thanks UAr successfully demonstrated by Darkside-50k

DS-50 results: Phys. Rev. D 93, 081101(R) (2016)

Ar-39 deplaction factor: around 1400 Total UAr:

- TPC= 50 tons -> 36 Hz of Ar-39
- Veto = 35 tons -> 26 Hz of Ar-39

Mitigated with pulse shape discrimination:

- Residual background is < 0.01 events / 200 tonne x year
- Dead time negligible

ELECTRON RECOIL

DEAP Collaboration, *Phys.Rev.D* 100 (2019) 2, 022004

Neutron sources:

- ²³⁸U and ²³²Th contaminations of the detector material
- Cosmogenic interaction due the cosmic ray
- (a,n) reaction in the detector material
- Spontaneous fission decays

Neutron background budget for different **Detector components**

major contributions to radio-assay campaign from Boulby

NEUTRON IDENTIFICATION

- Gd-PMMA is highly efficient at moderating and then capturing neutrons
- Gd-PMMA 15 cm thick
- Gd concentration chosen to have neutron capture on Gd dominates w.r.t capture on H
- Neutron capture on Gd produced a gammas cascade with a energy of 8 MeV

Neutron detection inefficiency vs Gd concentration

Gd concentration chosen to 1%

—> maximise neutron detection
and mimimize background from Gd-PMMA

Gd-PIVIA RECIPE

- Gd(MMA)₃ doped acrylics with 1wt% of Gd concentration successfully developed by Yangzhou University
- Technology transferred to DonChamp company: produced 5 cm thick samples and finalise the production -> ready for full production
- DonChamp: low background environment -> already used for JUNO PMMA production
- Pure-PMMA radio-purity satisfies DarkSide-20k requirement

Gd-PMMA acrylics sheet

Pure PMMA measured at LGNS

Isotope	mBq/kg	
137Cs	<0.025	
40K	<0.41	
232Th_228Ac	<0.14	
232Th_228Th	<0.08	
235U	<0.07	
238U_226Ra	0.05	
238U_234mPa	<1.8	

DompChamp facilities

Neutron capture on Gd detected in TPC and veto

Monte-Carlo simulation to define neutron detection inefficiency looking energy deposit in TPC and veto

				-
Neutron source	Fraction inducing at least	Fraction surviving TPC	Fraction surviving TPC	
	1 NR in the TPČ	and WIMP ROI	and Veto cuts	Total neu
TPC PDMs	1.80e-01	$3.6\mathrm{E}\text{-}5$	2.2E-6	Detectio
Veto Gd-Acrylic	8.55e-02	$1.5\mathrm{E}\text{-}4$	5.8 E-6	Inefficienc
Veto PDMs	1.43E-02	5.4E-7	8.7E-7	1.6F-5
Vessel	3.40e-03	6.8 E-6	6.8E-6	
Cryostat	$4.0\mathrm{E}$ - 4	4.9 E-9	2.2E-10	

TABLE 51. Neutron Veto inefficiency from topical positions in the detector.

NEUTRON DETECTION

Neutron identification:

- Single NR
- Energy in ER: $7.5 < E_{ER} < 50$ keVee
- R-z position cuts—> FV = 20 tons
- Energy deposit in ER in the TPC > 50 keV OR energy deposit in UAr veto > 200 keV
- TPC-veto window of 800 µs

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NEUTRON DETECTION (2)

More realistic MonteCarlo Simulation introducing:

- Electronics response
- SIPMs noise
- Pile up effects

Waveform example

- Neutron detection inefficiency increased by 20% up effects
- Neutron background after veto cuts: < 0.1 even DarkSide-20k requirement

Neutron detection inefficiency increased by 20% including electronics response, SIPMs noise and pile-

Neutron background after veto cuts: < 0.1 event in the full exposure of 200 tons x years -> satisfies

HIGH MASS DARK MATTER SENSITIVITY

- Sensitivity to high mass WIMP-nucleon scatter cross section of 7.4 x 10-⁴⁸ cm² for a 1 TeV/c² WIMP for a total exposure of 200 tons x years
- Total background events after all cuts: < 0.1 neutron wimp like events in a total exposure of 200 tons x years
- S2-only analysis sensitivity projection coming soon...

SUMMARY AND OUTLOOK

- institutions, collaborating to build DarkSide-20k
- background assay campaign
- DarkSide-20k is in position to lead the search for WIMPs, with complimentary reach above the LHC center of mass energy
- search! And expanding the reach beyond heavy WIMPs...

• The Global Argon Dark Matter Collaboration (GADMC) is a joint effort among all dark matter experiments with Ar target: >400 collaborators from ~ 100

 DarkSide-20k is pushing the state-of-the-art in several directions: SiPM technology, underground argon extraction & purification, Gd-PMMA,

 Fundamental role played by UK groups in producing 25% of the SiPM readout modules (7 m^2!), to instrument the veto detector which is key to achieving the < 0.1 instrumental backgrounds to the dark matter

Darkside-20k construction has started, data taking will start in 2026

